



MOTOROLA

MRF238

Advance Information

The RF Line

NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR

... designed for 13.6 Volt VHF large-signal amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating to 175 MHz. Ideally suited for marine radio applications.

- Specified 13.6 Volt, 160 MHz Characteristics —
Output Power = 30 Watts
Minimum Gain = 9.0 dB
Efficiency = 60%

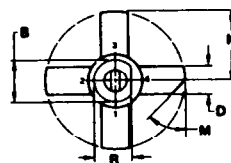
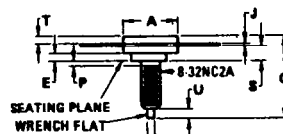
30 W — 160 MHz
RF POWER
TRANSISTOR
NPN SILICON



MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	18	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EBO}	4.0	Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	I_C	4.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate Above 25°C	P_D	65 0.37	Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Stud Torque (1)	—	6.5	In. Lb.

(1) For Repeated Assembly use 5 In. Lb.



STYLE 1:
PIN 1. EMITTER
2. BASE
3. EMITTER
4. COLLECTOR

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	9.40	9.78	0.370	0.385
B	8.13	8.50	0.320	0.335
C	17.62	20.07	0.690	0.790
D	5.48	6.07	0.215	0.238
E	1.78	—	0.070	—
J	0.88	0.10	0.033	0.007
K	12.45	—	0.490	—
L	1.40	1.78	0.055	0.070
M	46° NOM	—	46° NOM	—
P	—	1.27	—	0.050
R	7.50	7.80	0.295	0.307
S	4.01	4.62	0.158	0.178
T	2.11	2.54	0.083	0.100
U	2.49	3.30	0.098	0.132

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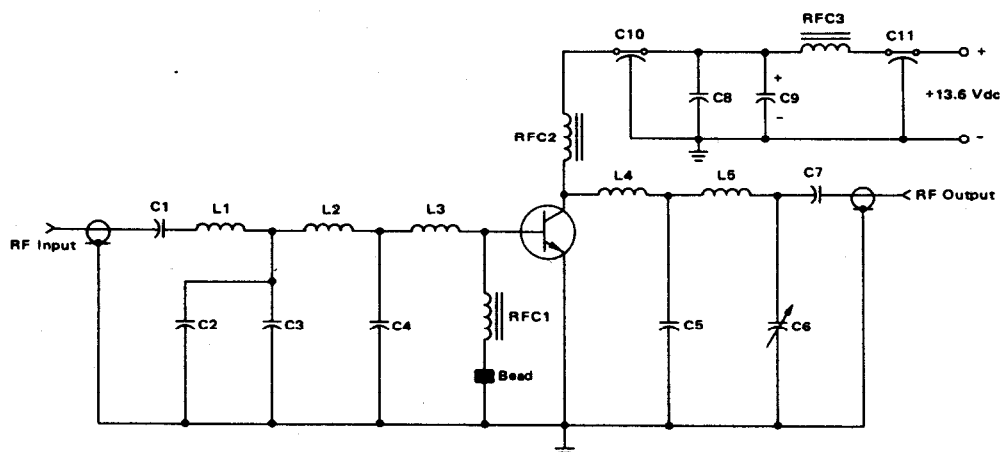
This is advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 100\text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 0$)	BV_{CEO}	18	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 15\text{ mAdc}$, $I_E = 0$)	BV_{CBO}	38	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 5.0\text{ mAdc}$, $I_C = 0$)	BV_{EBO}	4.0	—	—	Vdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS					
DC Current Gain ($I_C = 1.0\text{ Adc}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ Vdc}$)	h_{FE}	5.0	—	—	—
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 15\text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)	C_{ob}	—	110	130	pF
FUNCTIONAL TEST (Figure 1)					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ($V_{CC} = 13.6\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 30\text{ W}$, $I_C(\text{max}) = 4.0\text{ Adc}$, $f = 160\text{ MHz}$)	G_{pe}	9.0	10	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ($V_{CC} = 13.6\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 30\text{ W}$, $I_C(\text{max}) = 4.0\text{ Adc}$, $f = 160\text{ MHz}$)	η	60	—	—	%

FIGURE 1 — 160 MHz TEST CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC



- C1 200 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO
- C2 100 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO
- C3 40 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO
- C4, C5 80 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO
- C6 1.0-20 pF, 4 oz. ARCO Trimmer
- C7 100 pF 350 Vdc, UNELCO
- C8 0.1 μF ERIE Disc Ceramic
- C9 0.1 μF TANTALUM
- C10, C11 680 pF ALLEN BRADLEY Feedthru
- RFC1 0.15 μH Molded Choke
- RFC2 10 Turns, #18 AWG on 470 Ohm, 1 Watt Resistor
- Bead FERROXCUBE Bead
- RFC3 FERROXCUBE Choke, VK200-48

- L1 3.3 x 0.2 cm AIRLINE Inductor
- L2 1.0 x 0.2 cm AIRLINE Inductor
- L3 1.2 x 0.6 cm Brass Pad
- L4 1.2 x 0.6 cm Brass Pad and 2.0 x 0.2 cm AIRLINE Inductor

Board: G10, $\epsilon_r = 5$, $t = 62\text{ mils}$
2 sided, 2 oz. Clad

Connectors: Type N

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FIGURE 2 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

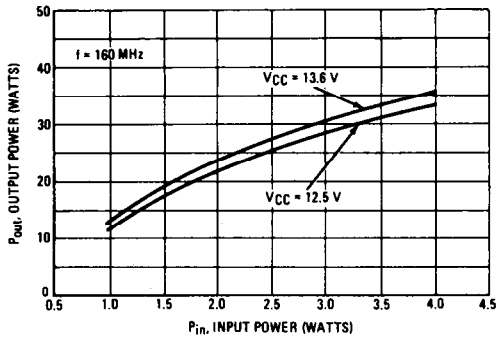


FIGURE 3 – OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY

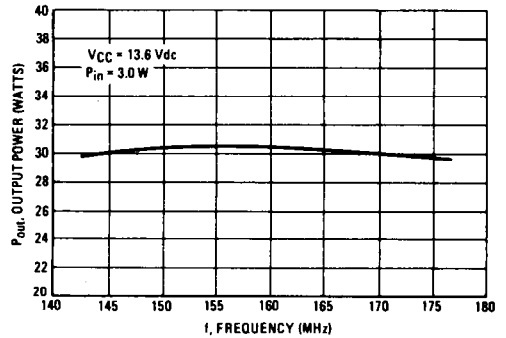


FIGURE 4 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE

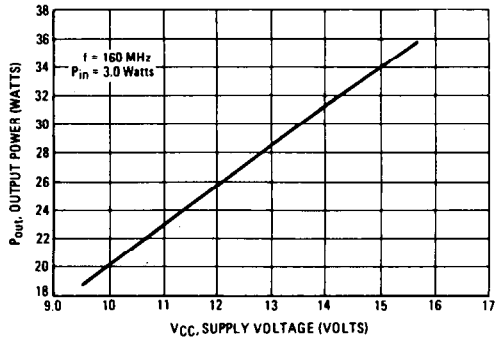


FIGURE 5 – SERIES EQUIVALENT IMPEDANCE

